

09/781,796

09/29/03 HLG

Amendments to the claims:

Please cancel claims 1, 2, 4-13 and 15-18 without prejudice or disclaimer.
Applicants reserve the right to prosecute the subject matter thereof in future applications.

Claims 1 - 2 (cancelled)

Claim ¹~~3~~ (currently amended) An isolated and purified ATP diphosphohydrolase obtainable from ~~pig pancreatic zymogen granules~~ a mammalian tissue characterized by the following physico-chemical properties:

- a catalytic unit of a molecular weight on denaturing polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis of about 54 KDa ~~in its native form~~;
- a deglycosylated form of said catalytic unit of a molecular weight on SDS-PAGE of about 35 KDa; and
- characterized in that it comprises the amino acid sequence defined in SEQ. ID. NO: 7.

Claims 4-13. (cancelled)

²
Claim ~~14~~ (currently amended) A method for reducing platelet aggregation and thrombogenicity in a human or nonhuman animal comprising the step of ~~increasing the activity of treating with an effective amount of~~ the ATP diphosphohydrolase of claim ~~[[1]]~~ ¹~~3~~ sufficiently to reduce platelet aggregation and thrombogenicity in the human or nonhuman animal.

Claims 15-18 (cancelled)

³
Claim ~~19~~ (new) A process for purifying an ATP-diphosphohydrolase enzyme from a tissue capable to convert ATP to ADP and ADP to AMP which comprises:

- a) obtaining a subcellular microsomal fraction from an homogenate of said tissue;
- b) solubilizing said microsomal fraction in the presence of a non-ionic detergent;

c) centrifuging said solubilized microsomal fraction to obtain a supernatant containing said enzyme;

d) submitting said supernatant to an ion-exchange chromatography to obtain a first enzyme eluate;

e) submitting said first eluate to an affinity column chromatography to obtain a second enzyme eluate; and

f) submitting said second eluate to a separation step on a non-denaturing gel electrophoresis to recover said enzyme free of any contaminant, the presence of said contaminant being monitored by overstaining said gel in a silver nitrate dye or Coomassie Blue dye,

whereby an isolated and purified ATP diphosphohydrolase according to claim ¹~~3~~₄ is obtained.

Claim ⁴~~20~~ (new) A process according to claim ³~~19~~ wherein said ion exchange chromatography is achieved on a column containing Diethylaminoethyl (DEAE).

Claim ⁵~~21~~ (new) A process according to claim ⁴~~20~~ wherein said column is a DEAE agarose column.

Claim ⁶~~22~~ (new) A process according to claim ³~~19~~ wherein an aliquot of said enzyme is further submitted after step f) to a polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under denaturing conditions to verify its homogeneity and to obtain its apparent molecular weight.

Claim ⁷~~23~~ (new) A process according to claim ³~~19~~ wherein said enzyme is obtained from pig pancreatic zymogen granules and has an apparent molecular weight of about 54 Kilodaltons.

Claim ⁸~~24~~ (new) A process according to claim ⁷~~23~~ wherein, between steps e) and f), a step of deglycosylation is included, and whereby the apparent molecular weight is shifted from 54 to 35 KDa.

Claim ⁹~~25~~ (new) A method for reducing platelet aggregation and thrombogenicity comprising an administration of the ATP diphosphohydrolase of claim ¹~~3~~.

¹⁰
Claim ~~26~~. (new) A method for reducing platelet aggregation and thrombogenicity comprising an administration of an ATP diphosphohydrolase comprising the amino acid sequence defined in SEQ ID NO:7.

¹¹
Claim ~~27~~. (new) A composition for reducing platelet aggregation and thrombogenicity which comprises as an active ingredient the ATP diphosphohydrolase of claim ~~3~~, together with an acceptable pharmaceutical carrier.

¹²
Claim ~~28~~. (new) An aggregation and thrombogenicity-reducing composition, which comprises as an active ingredient the mammalian ATP diphosphohydrolase of claim ~~3~~, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

¹³
Claim ~~29~~. (new) A composition for converting ATP into ADP and/or ADP into AMP, which comprises as an active ingredient the mammalian ATP diphosphohydrolase of claim ~~3~~, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

¹⁴
Claim ~~30~~. (new) A process for purifying an ATP diphosphohydrolase enzyme which can convert ATP to ADP and/or ADP to AMP, said process comprising:

- a) separating a crude fraction of said enzyme from contaminating material by centrifugation;
- b) submitting said enzyme of a) to at least one of ion-exchange chromatography and affinity column chromatography to obtain a purified enzyme eluate; whereby an isolated and purified ATP diphosphohydrolase according to claim ~~3~~ is obtained.

¹⁵
Claim ~~31~~. (new) The process of claim ~~30~~, wherein said crude fraction is incubated with a non-ionic detergent, prior to centrifugation.

¹⁶
Claim ~~32~~. (new) The process of claim ~~31~~, wherein said enzyme of a) is submitted to at least one round of ion-exchange chromatography to yield a first enzyme eluate, and said first enzyme eluate is submitted to at least one round of affinity chromatography, to yield a second enzyme eluate.

¹⁷
Claim ~~33~~. (new) The process of claim ~~32~~, wherein said second enzyme eluate is electrophoresed on a non-denaturing gel, thereby recovering substantially pure ATP

diphosphohydrolase, and wherein a presence of contaminants in said substantially pure ATP diphosphohydrolase can be monitored by overstaining said non-denaturing gel in a silver nitrate dye or Coomassie Blue dye.

Claim ¹⁸~~34~~. (new) The process of claim ¹⁷~~33~~, wherein said ion exchange chromatography is achieved on a Diethylaminoethyl (DEAE) column.

Claim ¹⁹~~35~~. (new) The process of claim ¹⁸~~34~~, wherein said column is a DEAE agarose column.

Claim ²⁰~~36~~. (new) The process of claim ¹⁹~~35~~, wherein said enzyme is obtained from a mammalian membrane preparation and has an apparent molecular weight of about 54 Kilodaltons.

Claim ²¹~~37~~. (new) A substantially pure mammalian ATP diphosphohydrolase characterized by the following physico-chemical properties:

- a catalytic unit of a molecular weight on denaturing polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis of about 54 KDa;
- a deglycosylated form of said catalytic unit of a molecular weight on SDS-PAGE of about 35 Kda.

Claim ²²~~38~~. (new) A composition for use in the reduction of platelet aggregation and thrombogenicity comprising as an active ingredient the substantially pure mammalian ATP diphosphohydrolase of claim ²¹~~37~~, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claim ²³~~39~~. (new) A composition for converting ATP into ADP and/or ADP into AMP comprising as an active ingredient the substantially pure mammalian ATP diphosphohydrolase of claim ²¹~~37~~, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.